TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY AFFAIRS

HOUSING AND HEALTH SERVICES COORDINATION COUNCIL MEETING

Texas Department of Housing & Community Affairs
Room 116
221 E. 11th Street
Austin, Texas

May 1, 2019 10:00 a.m.

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

DAVID CERVANTES, Chair
DONI GREEN, Vice Chair
ARNOLD ALANIZ (via telephone)
SUZANNE BARNARD by CATRINA PULIDO
REV. KENNETH DARDEN
CARISSA DOUGHERTY
HELEN EISERT (absent)
MICHAEL GOODWIN
CLAIRE IRWIN
SCOTT SROUFE by ALICIA SUNDERLAGE
MICHAEL WILT (via telephone)

STAFF:

ELIZABETH YEVICH
MEGAN SYLVESTER, Federal Compliance Counsel
BROOKE BOSTON
SPENCER DURAN
JEREMY STREMLER

I N D E X

AGEI	NDA ITEM	PAGE
	L TO ORDER, WELCOME AND INTRODUCTIONS ABLISH QUORUM	3
1.	Approval of January 20, 2019 HHSCC Meeting Minutes	
2.	Update on Section 811 Project Rental Assistance	8
3.	Update on Project Access and Mainstream Voucher Program	24
4.	Update on the Statewide Behavioral Health Coordinating Council (SBHCC)	29
5.	Update on National Academy for State Health Policy (NASHP) Technical Assistance Initiative	31
6.	Update on HHSCC Performance Measures Advisory Committee	33
7.	5-Year Consolidated Plan Consultation Process	35
8.	Public Comment	none
9.	General Updates/Next Steps/Staff Assignment(s)	39
ADJOURN 44		44

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2	MR. CERVANTES: Good morning. I'd like to call
3	to order the May 1, 2019 meeting of the Housing and Health
4	Services Coordination Council. As Elizabeth just
5	mentioned, I think for purposes of establishing a quorum
6	and the roll, if we could go around the room, introduce
7	yourselves maybe and who you represent.
8	So David Cervantes, TDHCA.
9	MS. YEVICH: And one second. Can everybody on
LO	the phone hear us? We've just started.
L1	MALE VOICE: Don't everybody jump in.
L2	MS. YEVICH: We are
L3	FEMALE VOICE: Paul?
L 4	MS. YEVICH: Hi. Oh, good. Yeah, yeah. We're
L 5	about to start. I just want to make sure that everybody
L 6	can hear. Can you hear us?
L7	FEMALE VOICE: Not very well.
L 8	MS. YEVICH: Okay. Well, I'll try to speak up
L 9	then. Okay.
20	FEMALE VOICE: Okay. You're fine. It's the
21	background
22	MS. YEVICH: Oh.
23	FEMALE VOICE: so I couldn't hear.
24	MS. YEVICH: Okay.
25	MR. CERVANTES: Can you hear me? This is

ON THE RECORD REPORTING (512) 450-0342

1	FEMALE VOICE: If you could speak a little
2	louder, that would be awesome. Great.
3	MR. CERVANTES: Okay. How about right there?
4	FEMALE VOICE: That's better. A little bit?
5	MALE VOICE: Just stand there
6	MR. CERVANTES: Yeah.
7	MS. YEVICH: Okay.
8	MR. CERVANTES: Okay. Well, as I said, David
9	Cervantes, TDHCA. Pass it along to Doni.
10	MS. GREEN: Doni Green, the North Central Texas
11	Council of Governments, representing the late, great
12	Promoting Independence Advisory Committee.
13	MR. GOODWIN: Mike Goodwin. I'm retired,
14	supposedly, and I represent housing developers.
15	MS. IRWIN: Claire Irwin from HHSC, Aging
16	Services Coordination Office.
17	MS. DOUGHERTY: Carissa Dougherty, Health and
18	Human Services Commission, Office of Mental Health
19	Coordination.
20	MS. PULIDO: Catrina Pulido, Texas Department
21	of Agriculture. I'm here for Suzanne Barnard.
22	MS. SUNDERLAGE: Alicia Sunderlage. I'm here
23	with the Texas Department of Agriculture as well, sitting
24	in for Scott Sroufe.

MS. YEVICH: Wonderful. And I'm Elizabeth

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1	Yevich with TDHCA, and our division oversees the
2	coordination of the Housing and Health Services
3	Coordination Council.
4	MR. DARDEN: Kenneth Darden, minority
5	representative.
6	MS. SYLVESTER: Megan Sylvester, TDHCA. I'm an
7	attorney advisor to the Committee.
8	MS. LOVE: Julie Love, Texas Department of
9	Housing and Community Affairs.
10	MR. RUSSELL: Patrick Russell, TDHCA.
11	MS. YOUNG: Cacki Young, Foundation
12	Communities.
13	MR. FERGUSON: Hi, my name is Robert Ferguson.
14	I'm with FEMA as a regional disability integration
15	advisor for Region 6 in Denton, but I'm here supporting
16	TELF Tier [phonetic]; in Austin supporting the recovery
17	offices here at the Texas recovery office.
18	I have two interpreters with me today, Scott
19	and Amy. Thank you.
20	MR. SHEA: I'm Danny Shea. I'm a master of
21	social work student at UT and I'm interning at the Office
22	of Mental Health Coordination with HHSC.
23	MS. MORGAN: Alida Morgan, TDHCA.
24	MR. DURAN: Spencer Duran, TDHCA.
25	MS. YEVICH: And on the phone I know it's

1	always hard to introduce yourselves, but just start
2	jumping in and we'll catch your name. Thank you.
3	MR. MEACHAM: Hi. David Meacham, HHSC.
4	MS. YEVICH: Thank you, David.
5	MS. HOLT: Karen Holt, East Texas Aging and
6	Disability Resource Center, housing navigator.
7	MS. YEVICH: Hi, Karen. Welcome.
8	MR. CERVANTES: Okay.
9	MS. BATT: Norma Batt, Merced Housing - Texas.
10	MS. GARCIA: Marta Garcia, Merced Housing -
11	Texas.
12	MS. YEVICH: Thank you. Next?
13	MS. POHLMAN: Joyce Pohlman, Medicaid and CHIP
14	at HHSC.
15	MS. YEVICH: Hi, Joyce. Next?
16	FEMALE VOICE: [inaudible].
17	MS. YEVICH: I'm sorry. You can you speak
18	up, please? You said Frances?
19	FEMALE VOICE: No. [inaudible] from the Aging
20	and Disability Resource Center of the South Plains.
21	MS. YEVICH: Okay. Thank you. Next?
22	MR. WILT: Michael Wilt, Texas State Affordable
23	Housing Corporation.
24	MS. YEVICH: There we go, Michael. We were
25	waiting for you at the front door, but we'll go say that

1	you're not coming in the front door. Thank you for
2	joining us on the phone. Anyone else on the phone who
3	hasn't introduced themselves?
4	MR. ALANIZ: Arnold Alaniz, Texas Veterans
5	Commission.
6	MS. YEVICH: Ah, thank you. Okay. Anyone
7	else?
8	(No response.)
9	MS. YEVICH: I think that does it.
10	MR. CERVANTES: Okay.
11	MS. YEVICH: Okay.
12	MR. CERVANTES: Do we officially have a quorum?
13	MS. YEVICH: We well, let's see. One, two,
14	three, four, five, six, seven, eight. We have two on the
15	phone. I think we need nine.
16	MR. MEISTER: Jacob Meister, Cornerstone
17	Associates.
18	MS. YEVICH: Cornerstone?
19	MR. MEISTER: Yes.
20	MS. YEVICH: Okay. Thank you.
21	FEMALE VOICE: I think we have quorum.
22	MS. YEVICH: We don't. We're one short.
23	MS. FLYNN: Jill Flynn, Cornerstone Associates,
24	as well.
25	MS. YEVICH: Jill? Okay. Thank you. Yeah.

1	MR. CERVANTES: So do we need to table Item 1?
2	MS. YEVICH: Yes, unfortunately.
3	MR. CERVANTES: Okay. Item
4	MS. YEVICH: Yeah.
5	MR. CERVANTES: just for the record, Item
6	No. 1 was perhaps the approval of the January 30 minutes.
7	MS. YEVICH: Uh-huh.
8	MR. CERVANTES: That item will be tabled at
9	this time, due to not having a quorum at this moment.
10	Okay.
11	And so with that, we'll move on to Item 2, and
12	we have an update on our Section 811 Project Rental
13	Assistance Program, and I believe Spencer will be walking
14	us through that.
15	MS. YEVICH: And Spencer, if you want to sit
16	over here?
17	MR. DURAN: Okay.
18	MS. YEVICH: And there's fine, too.
19	MR. DURAN: Thank you, Elizabeth. Spencer
20	Duran, Section 811 manager at TDHCA. I provided a caveat
21	in person.
22	I will also provide a handout after the meeting
23	as well, and I essentially wanted to give a quick update
24	on how the 811 Program is going, in general, and also
25	address some of the issues that were discussed at the last

HHSCC meeting, mostly by the comments that Michael Wilt provided, and I just kind of want to give an overview of about how the program is going with applicant outcomes whenever they are referred to participating properties.

So the first thing to think -- to keep in mind is that the properties that are participating in the program that have collected points to do so are keeping their own tenant selection criteria, which includes credit, criminal and rental background screening, and we rely on the properties to make -- to select who they want to be living at their properties.

So we looked at trends that were occurring after an applicant was referred to a vacant unit. So in general, we've recruited about 1,300 units across the state of Texas for the 811 Program. And so as you can imagine, those units, as a mix of preexisting properties and new construction, will have vacancies occurring at any time throughout the year.

If it's a preexisting property, the current household occupant will move out and so the property manager will give us a call and say, hey, we have a unit that's becoming vacant for an 811 applicant, if you want to send us an applicant to fill the unit.

So we do that all the time, and with new construction properties, we have them give us 180-day

notice before they think that they're going to get their certificate of occupancy to allow people to move in. So we have this, you know, pretty big portfolio of participating units.

So -- but the question was -- essentially, how are the -- how do people do once they're referred to a property? And in general, we looked at the outcomes from the last four quarters and then the -- and then more recently, as well, to see what trends were like.

And essentially, percentage of criminal rejections has been trending down in the last four quarters. So 8 percent of applicants previously -- I'm sorry - 8 percent of the applicants are rejected due to criminal background, and of the four quarters previous to that, the criminal rejections were at 12 percent.

So we're seeing a decline in the percentage of households that are rejected by properties because of criminal backgrounds. The gross number of rejections due to criminal has increased, but our volumes of applicants and referrals all across the board has increased a lot.

We're up to 200 applicants, on average, a week for the program. We just hired a data entry temp to keep up with the applicants that are flowing into the program.

I think it's a reflection of just a crushing need for more extremely low income housing, especially housing that

is specifically catered to people with disabilities.

So yes, criminal rejections are up as a gross number, but they're definitely down as a percentage.

Properties oftentimes also look at landlord history. They want to know whether or not an applicant has been a good tenant to other properties, and they have the right to reject based on how an applicant family has performed previously.

So landlord history rejections are down from 6 percent to 3 percent over the last four quarters. And finally, credit rejections have actually held steady at 2 percent over the last four quarters. A lot of our participating properties have chosen to enact credit screening for our extremely low income applicants, and so they look at previous history, paying utility bills, and things like that.

So this is kind of, you know, part of the program design to -- we want to induce properties to participate, and kind of as a trade-off, they are able to keep their own criteria. And we looked at -- you know, it's always such a moving snapshot.

You know, when I pulled this information, we had only housed 169 households. We're now up to over 204 households. But I want to provide this past trend data snapshot, I guess. After the meeting, we'll get that

through the -- through HRC in a digital format.

HHSCC meeting that I wanted to address. And I think that we're working with our partners to kind of address some of these issues. We want everybody to get housing, and what we're -- HHSC has done a really good job of providing technical assistance to the referral network, if they have any questions surrounding reasonable accommodations as it relates to rejections and other things.

And also we're doing what we can to keep the applicant pool fresh. So a lot of times phone numbers will go bad. And so we're trying to create ways that, before we make that referral to a participating property, that we have already recently contacted that applicant to make sure their contact information is up to date and/or they're still interested in the property that we're about to refer them to.

I have two other quick updates. Am I okay on time?

MS. YEVICH: Yeah.

MR. DURAN: Okay. The one thing I wanted to say is that the handout that I provided in person here today is kind of a general snapshot of how are the program's volume and our trends and how we're doing in general, and I don't have a copy. Can I --

1 MS. YEVICH: Oh, here. I'll get you --2 MR. DURAN: Sorry. 3 (Several people talking at once.) 4 MS. YEVICH: Oh, we don't have any. There we 5 go. 6 MR. DURAN: I just -- sorry. Thank you so 7 But what this information -- and again, I'll share much. this after the meeting with the larger group. But the 8 9 important thing that I want to show is that we've now 10 recruited about 200 percent of the units that we need to house. 11 So what we -- originally, way back in 2013, 12 13 2012, we told HUD that with the first grant, the FY '12 14 grant, we would serve about 362 units -- 362 households, 15 and then with our second grant, we would serve about 293 16 households, a total unit commitment of 655 units. 17 Well, since then, we have seen that rents have 18 really gone up, and so we're not able to serve as many 19 households because our money hasn't increased. 20 with the housing program, it's always difficult to project the number, convert with money into units over time. 21 22 So at this stage, we think that we're going to 23 be able to afford about 600 units, and HUD's not going to, 24 you know, punish us or anything for not hitting that

It's just a function of the increasing number --

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the increase in rent across the state of Texas.

We're also serving larger households than we anticipated. I think that we were thinking that this would be a program that would largely serve single individuals, but we see a lot of two-bedroom units, and so that requires us to pay a higher subsidy for those two-bedroom units.

So that kind of accounts for why we're projected to serve fewer units than we thought we were. You know, the data we looked at was, you know, five years old at this point, and so it's hard to predict and project that.

So I just want to provide this as kind of background for what we're looking at for the upcoming 2020 qualified allocation plan cycle, and so we now know that we have enough units that have been recruited to the program, that we no longer need to be incentivized in the 2020 tax credit cycle.

And so we've recruited -- this document that I'm showing. We've recruited 1,277 units, which is 200 percent more than the number of units we told HUD originally, and that 1,200 number does not include what we're going to get from the current 2019 multifamily cycle.

I'm not really comfortable estimating what

we're going to get, because applications are still under review, but historically we've recruited anywhere between 200 and 400 units to the 811 Program each cycle. So if you look at that 1,200 number, you can add an additional 200 units to it, up to an additional 400 units, and that will be the number of units we have under 811 contract, anticipated at the end of the current 2019 cycle.

So with all of that, we feel really happy that we can no -- we don't have to incentivize 811 through the QAP anymore. We have a good geographic distribution. We have a good mix of urban and rural. We have a good mix of properties that are in transit proximity and properties that are kind of -- you know, a little bit more out of the urban core across the state.

So for me as a program manager, I feel really good that I'll be able to hit my goal -- my 600- or 650- unit goal, with the number of units that have been committed to the program. So that's kind of a big, you know, program decision that we've made, but -- so I'm happy to talk about that for the rest of my time here.

MR. CERVANTES: Okay. Any questions for Spencer?

MR. GOODWIN: Do you have any kind of plus or minus figure on the number of units that HUD's going to hold them to, or just are you looking for the full

allocation, for example, of the 11.4?

MR. DURAN: Exactly. I think HUD cares about money, so that's really what we want to do. So my real — like, I obviously want to help a lot of — as many low income families as I can, but I think at the end of the day the metric that HUD is looking at is the — how much money I can encumber before 2020 or before 2021, the two deadlines to encumber the funds. And we're definitely on track to encumber 100 percent of our funds.

So again, it's hard to convert money to units, because we're going to serve a lot fewer families in the Austin urban core versus if we -- if people want to live in more rural areas. So yeah, the unit number to me is not as important as the number of -- as the funding commitment, and I think that HUD agrees.

Through all the technical assistance we've received, no one has ever said, oh, Texas, you know, you've really to got to -- you know, you said 655 five years ago. We're going to hold you to that. I don't think we're going to be punished in any way for not hitting that number.

MR. GOODWIN: Are these five- or 20-year contracts with HUD?

MR. DURAN: So it's kind of complicated. So the 22.5 million we had is for the first five years of

what is a 20-year contract.

MR. GOODWIN: Okay.

MR. DURAN: So what we're trying to do is, grab as many properties as we can in this early stage, and this money will pay for the first five years of a property's 20-year contract. After that five years, so starting in the sixth year, the contracts will be funded through a new formula that HUD is still working on to figure out how much we're going to pay, how much we're going to need to cover those grants each year.

So it's going to be subject to annual federal appropriations, and we're not sure exactly what the formula is going to look like. I know you're familiar with HAP contracts. We think that it's going to be really similar to how the housing assistance payments contracts are funded.

MR. GOODWIN: Because I've never heard of HUD not renewing a contract, except for malfeasance on the part of the owner.

MR. DURAN: Exactly. We completely -- I completely agree. That's been my experience and research as well. So yes, it's subject to federal appropriations, and, you know, it seems volatile, but we know that consistently, since the past 30 years, yes, HUD has funded all of their HAP contracts.

1 MR. GOODWIN: And they still do an annual grant application for additional units? 2 MR. DURAN: So there has not been a notice of 3 4 funding availability since the 2013 cycle, but we have 5 heard, and I know that HUD received money for, I think, in 6 2020 or maybe 2019 funding cycle. So yes, we anticipate 7 that sometime -- they used to say spring 2019 but I think because of the shutdown, they're now saying summer 2019 8 9 that they will release another NOFA. MS. BOSTON: And we don't know if that will 10 11 look anything like --MR. DURAN: Yeah. 12 13 MS. BOSTON: -- the prior one. MR. GOODWIN: How about spring 2020? 14 MR. DURAN: I have no idea. I have no idea. 15 16 MR. GOODWIN: Did they hit you the way they did 17 on the first one? 18 MR. DURAN: Yeah. I mean, well, we have no 19 idea. So -- but as far as these two grant awards, I feel 20 really confident that we can have all of our units and funding absorbed based on what we've recruited so far. 21 22 MR. GOODWIN: That's super. 23 MS. GREEN: The analytics on the rejection 24 rates are really interesting, and I realize that you're 25 realizing a lot of momentum, and a lot of these households

are -- have been housed fairly recently, but I'm wondering if you're planning on looking at retention rates, and specifically, if tenants are being evicted?

MR. DURAN: Uh-huh. That's a good question.

So we do look at retention rates. That's one of the things that we report to HUD every quarter, and so Doni, I can just -- the quickest thing to send you would be our most recent HUD quarter report, because that shows the number of people in housing -- the number of people who have been housed for the last 12 months.

The number of people who have been housed for 24 months. The number of people that have been housed -- so we are definitely looking at how sticky our households are, and so I think we -- I know that we have not had a lot of evictions, and I know we have not had a lot of nonrenewals at lease end.

But I can give you the specifics on that.

Really, it's been, like, maybe, 10 families total that have been either evicted or nonrenewed. But we definitely track that.

MS. GREEN: Yeah. That's good to hear.

MR. GOODWIN: That's super.

MR. CERVANTES: Spencer, are a lot of the -- are they -- are the locations pretty spread out in terms of the geographic region at this point, or is it

concentrated in certain areas at the moment?

MR. DURAN: Yes. So that's a great question.

And we now have a Google map on the TDHCA web page that's a lot more user-friendly than our old maps, I think. So the short answer is yes. If you look at the map, there's dots all over.

However, due to not a lot of tax credit -- so we're tied to the Tax Credit and Multifamily Program, right? So if a certain part of the state does not have a lot of applications each cycle, then we're not going to get a lot of 811 units in that area.

Right? So the biggest thing that sticks out to me is Corpus. They don't seem to get a lot of tax credit awards year after year. We only have two participating properties in the Corpus Christi area. But I was really documenting the two counties, but we have two -- we only have two properties.

MS. GREEN: Nueces?

MR. DURAN: Nueces and the one just north of there. The other one, I think. So we -- so yeah. So Corpus Christi, that's an eligible MSA, one of the eight, and we only have two properties there.

But I think if you look at the number of tax credit awards over the past five years in that region, I -- and in the Corpus MSA, I don't think -- so we

1 basically have recruited as many properties as we can for 2 that region, based on the tax credit activity. The other areas that don't have a lot for a similar reason are 3 Brownsville and then also McAllen. 4 5 So it's -- yeah. Definitely yeah. But again 6 outside of the I-35 corridor, to the west, El Paso, they, 7 you know, do a really high volume of tax credit awards every year, and so as a result we have a lot of 811 units 8 9 in El Paso and Hudspeth County also. MS. GREEN: And I think one of the issues we 10 11 had in the early days was, you had fairly good geographic 12 coverage, but the units and the demand didn't necessarily 13 align. 14 MR. DURAN: Right. 15 MS. GREEN: So you talked about that balance, 16 but I'm just wondering, in areas where you have stronger 17 demand, do you have greater depth? For example, Austin, I think --18 19 MR. DURAN: Uh-huh. 20 MS. GREEN: -- a disproportionate share in 811 tenants are in the Austin area or in Dallas-Fort Worth. 21 22 Do you have sufficient -- do you have a supply that is 23 kind of commensurate with that demand? 24 MR. DURAN: Well, no. I don't think any

housing program -- you know, I don't think we have enough

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1 demand to house every extremely low income person with a 2 disability in central Texas. Right? So the short answer 3 is no. 4 But the number of referrals that we have for 5 the number of units that we have committed, you know -- I 6 don't -- that's a good point. No. I don't think we 7 really do, because I mean, we have -- you know, it's just a lot of demand. 8 9 MS. GREEN: And I understand that you're never going to have adequate supply. 10 11 Right, right. MR. DURAN: 12 MS. GREEN: I'm just saying that, you know, 13 just because properties are scattered --14 MR. DURAN: Yeah. 15 MS. GREEN: -- doesn't -- you know, there may 16 be a month wait in El Paso, and there may be a five-year 17 wait in --18 MR. DURAN: That's absolutely true. 19 MS. GREEN: -- Austin. 20 MR. DURAN: That is actually the case. 21 That is the case. That is true. So what I'm saying --22 that is a good point -- so what I'm saying, on the one 23 hand, that I think we can pull out of the QAP for 2020, 24 you know.

We haven't dropped our wait times down to zero.

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I don't know that that should or could be the metric, when to pull out of the QAP. That's --

MS. GREEN: Because the QAP is pretty much all or nothing. You cannot say, in Austin there are points available for participation, and 811 in El Paso, there's not. Right? You've got to have the same criteria.

MR. DURAN: Yes, exactly. So -- yeah. So like for example, we only -- we have properties -- properties are eligible if they fall into one of the eight participating MSAs, but because we need to have that equity of all tax credit applicants, you could be participating in Lubbock, which is not one of our MSAs and still get points if you have the ability to commit a unit that is located in one of the eligible MSAs.

So I think -- yes. Somebody could write a pretty clear QAP that would, you know, keep 811 in certain geographic areas, but I think that I -- at a certain point, I'm going to run out of money, and so there's no point in continuing to recruit new units. Because like I'm saying, I've already lowered my expected unit count from 655 down to 600 because whenever you run our projections, I run out of money.

The other constraint is that I have a deadline.

So I have to have my last family under lease for the FY

'12 money no later than September 2020, and for the FY '13

1 money, no later than September 2021. So if we recruit 2 properties to the program close to those dates, I'm not 3 going to be able to fill them anyway. 4 I know that in Austin -- my favorite Austin 5 example are also Foundation Communities properties. Those 6 properties are so great that, even if it's a preexisting, 7 already-constructed property, it takes about three years to fill 10 units there, because the turnover rate is so 8 9 low. So if I recruit a property in the 2020 cycle, 10 new construction or preexisting, I don't know that I'm 11 going to be able to fill it at or before the deadline. 12 13 MS. GREEN: Right. 14 And this is all pretty fuzzy projection. It's hard to predict this stuff. But I think 15 16 that, after the 2019 cycle, all these factors -- and 17 taking all these factors into consideration, I think it's 18 time to pull out. 19 MR. CERVANTES: Okay. Any other questions? 20 (No response.) 21 MR. CERVANTES: Okay. Spencer, thank you for 22 the update. 23 MR. DURAN: Thank you. 24 MR. CERVANTES: We'll move on to the next item,

and that's an update on our Project Access and Mainstream

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Voucher Program. And I believe Ms. Boston --

MS. BOSTON: I'm here.

MR. CERVANTES: -- has made it back.

MS. BOSTON: Yes. Brooke Boston with the Texas

Department of Housing. I just wanted to give a brief

update on our Project Access Program and our Mainstream

Voucher Program. Our Project Access voucher holders

currently housed with a voucher -- there are 62.

We have 78 additional folks who are actively looking, so they have a voucher in hand, but aren't in a unit yet, and then we have 89 folks on the waiting list. The kind of oldest person on the waiting list in terms of length of time on the list, not age of course, is about six-and-a-half months.

So that's pretty good. We've definitely had it go much longer than that. We've been able to offer units pretty consistently, and from Andre an update even as of this morning, we think in just a couple of days we'll be issuing another 50. So a few more folks will be able to be on the ground with a voucher in hand.

Not all of the ones who go out with a voucher end up being housed in a voucher, whether that's because they just choose not to, they don't find something in time. We do grant extensions if they need one. However, they do not always pursue that, or we grant an extension

and they still don't find something.

But the majority of them are able to be housed. With the Mainstream Voucher Program, we were awarded 50 of those a few months back. We issued all 50 right away to folks off of the Project Access waiting list. Eight are currently housed.

The other 42 are still looking for a unit.

About 15 of those will hit their 150-day expiration mark in the next week or so. So if they can't find something and they don't seek an extension, then we would reissue those 15 to other people.

And that's where those two programs are. So we just keep you guys updated about that.

MS. GREEN: So the Mainstream Vouchers are going to Project Access --

MS. BOSTON: Yes.

MS. GREEN: -- applicants. How did you all manage that?

Because we worked with several public housing authorities that applied for and received Mainstream vouchers, and we had high hopes that we could start seeing some movement with folks in nursing facilities, and with just a couple of minor exceptions, they determined that they couldn't earmark any of those vouchers for people in institutions, that they had to open the waitlist to

1 everyone, that they couldn't give priority. 2 And so after going to just endless meetings, 3 nobody in an institution received a voucher. 4 wondering how you all were able to dedicate them, where 5 the other authorities could not? MS. BOSTON: Yeah. When we applied, we very 6 7 explicitly said in our application that we were going to give it to our Project Access waiting list, and that was 8 9 our intent in applying. If there comes a point where the -- let's say 10 11 they don't get all used and we don't have a Project Access 12 waiting list, we would need to open it up to a broader 13 group because the vouchers themselves aren't, by 14 regulation, limited in that way, but because we were clear 15 about it in our app, we were allowed to do it initially. 16 MS. GREEN: Okay. 17 MS. BOSTON: So you know, assuming the Project 18 Access waiting list is always replenishing -- it will 19 probably continue to just go to Project Access. 20 MS. GREEN: Uh-huh. MS. BOSTON: But you know, as I said, it's not 21 22 by program design on their part, that it would be limited. 23 MS. GREEN: Yeah. 24 MS. BOSTON: Does that sound right, Megan? 25 MS. SYLVESTER: Yeah. I would just say that

there is -- because the requirements for the programs are slightly different, there is -- with age limits and things on some vouchers and not other vouchers. So we actually -- in our Project Access pool, we actually have three voucher groups.

We have those old NED vouchers. We have the -just regular vouchers from our regular allocation, and
then now we have the Mainstream vouchers, and --

MS. GREEN: They are age-restricted.

MS. SYLVESTER: -- our rule outlines how we treat somebody. So it's the same populations we're recruiting for that waitlist, but depending on a voucher that frees up. For example, if there's an age restriction on a NED voucher, it may go to the next NED-vouchereligible person on the waitlist.

MS. BOSTON: So I think in the future if there were openings, you know, funds available again -- I think if the PHAs were explicit about it at application, that might improve --

MS. GREEN: Okay.

MS. BOSTON: -- their likelihood to be able to use them. For us, it helped because our waiting list, at the time we applied, was longer than the number of vouchers we asked for. So we said, like, the day you tell us yes, we'll issue the vouchers, which we did. Yeah.

1 Okay. 2 Okay. Thank you, Brooke. MR. CERVANTES: 3 MS. BOSTON: Yeah. 4 MR. CERVANTES: Appreciate that. 5 MS. BOSTON: Sure. 6 MR. CERVANTES: Okay. Moving on to the next 7 item, Carissa will walk us through an update on the Statewide Behavioral Health Coordinating Council. 8 9 MS. DOUGHERTY: Yeah. Thank you for having me. The Statewide Behavioral Health Coordinating Council 10 11 includes representation from Texas Department of Housing 12 and Community Affairs. It includes over 21 State 13 agencies, and they're all tasked, legislatively mandated, 14 to look at behavioral funding across the state. 15 Since we're in the legislative session, the 16 group has decided to meet monthly via teleconference, and 17 so three meetings have happened since the last time we met

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And there are about six items of importance that may come out of the session that we're tracking. And they have to do with the establishment of a Texas Mental Health Care Consortium, request for suicide reports and recommendations about prevention activities, the

looking at and talking about proposed legislation that may

and provided an update. And they're really focused on

impact the Coordinating Council.

development of a comprehensive behavioral health workforce plan, the development of a sub-plan to the existing behavioral health strategic plan that would focus on substance use disorders in terms of prevention, intervention and treatment.

Codifying the Coordinating Council in statute, and there's proposed increased powers and duties associated with that. And then the establishment of a Texas mental and behavioral health research institute. So while not all of those things, we understand, would be housed under HHSC, they would definitely be linked and need to coordinate with that Coordinating Council in some way, shape or fashion.

So that's what has been discussed in most of those meetings. And then we've recently issued one of the first annual deliverables of the Coordinating Council, which is a request to start that process of developing an annual expenditure report.

So a request went out, I think, earlier this week to start collecting that financial information, and we know it's a heavy lift for all agencies with really tight funds. That's what's going on at the Council.

MR. CERVANTES: Okay. Any questions for Carissa?

(No response.)

MR. CERVANTES: Okay. So Item 5 takes us to a subsequent update on the National Academy for State Health Policy Technical Assistance Initiative. Okay. Carissa?

MS. DOUGHERTY: Yeah. And again, I'm happy to report out on this. It's a technical assistance opportunity that Health and Human Services Commission is participating in, and we have representation from Texas State Affordable Housing Corporation and Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs, along with lots of folks within HHSC who have knowledge and expertise along the housing continuum, representatives from several managed care organizations and some community representatives as well.

And I shared last time -- we have an actionable work plan that we're implementing. Some of the things I just wanted to bring forth at this meeting relates to work that's being done in the space of developing a memorandum of understanding, MOUs, that would go -- that would be contracts between HHSC and each one of the STAR+PLUS managed care organizations so that we could collect whatever health and housing-related data from those managed care organizations that are actually working in the space in the local realm.

So NASHP, the group, sent a survey out last fall to managed care organizations. We received feedback

from four of them, and we're pleasantly, you know, surprised that they are in this space. They're doing different things and it's not then being tracked up to the State.

They're doing it in and of themselves. And so that was the kind of impetus for kind of exploring what can we do to collect this data and analyze it, kind of from a statewide perspective?

So we presented a draft to managed care organizations. We're eliciting their feedback, and what we expect is that each one of those MOUs would be tailored to what the MCO is actually doing, and if they're not doing anything, there's no mandate to start doing something.

We're not implicating them in that way. We're just trying to collect Texas-specific data around what are managed care organizations -- what are they doing? And what is the benefit for their members in terms of service utilization and potential cost savings to the State?

We've also added formal representation from the Office of Aging Services within Health and Human Services Commission, who are working with a nonprofit organization called Leading Age Texas, who's expressed interest in exploring kind of a pilot to test housing and health care services for older adults in their HUD 202 properties.

So that was a newly added kind of actionable item that folks within that group are taking on. And then I just wanted to bring forth, if I hadn't mentioned it before, we were approved through the work that Joyce Pohlman did and others at HHSC in a previous technical assistance opportunity to use Money Follows a Person federal funds to create a small number of set-asides for persons leaving institutions.

And so that work is being done in terms of exploring the contracting mechanisms that are needed and how to, like, actually operationalize it. But this was a very exciting and not often used way to use these funds.

And so we've shared that with other states on our call and they're interested in that, in doing that as well.

So that's the update.

MS. GREEN: Any questions for Carissa? All right. Next item on the agenda is an update on the Council Performance Measures Advisory Committee. And Elizabeth?

MS. YEVICH: That's me, Elizabeth, and I would add that David Cervantes had to step out of the room, so Doni Green, our vice-chair is there, and it's a busy legislative session because Brooke just came in from across the street and David went out, and that's part of the reason that the Performance Measure Committee has sort

of been on hiatus.

It's legislative session time. Also, as most everyone here knows, Kali Adams, who had been administrative support for Council, took another position about six weeks ago at TDHCA. So there's been a shift, and I'm in process of hopefully hiring and having someone in place soon.

In fact, we've recently closed the position.

So hopefully, there will be someone overseeing

administrative support for Council and we'll pick up again

after legislative session. I will add that Carissa

Dougherty, and Helen Eisert, who is not here today, and

Mike Goodwin, have all stepped forward to be on a

performance committee, sort of a subcommittee, to move

forward with this.

And I know Doni had written in that she had support of this, but would probably not be active on the committee. So I think we have three good people who have stepped forward and as soon as someone else is in place in this position, we will move forward again with the Performance Advisory Committee.

So that's the update and status there.

MS. GREEN: Okay.

MS. YEVICH: Any questions? Any -- I notice we've heard some beeps on the phone. Is there anyone else

1	that joined us on the phone that would like to introduce
2	themselves?
3	MR. RAMOS: This is David Ramos. I'm with the
4	Coastal Bend Council of Governments Area Agency on Aging,
5	Aging and Disability Resource Center.
6	MS. YEVICH: Thank you, David. Welcome.
7	Anyone else?
8	MR. FERNANDEZ: Yes. This is Robert Fernandez,
9	housing navigator in El Paso, Texas.
10	MS. YEVICH: Wonderful. Thank you, Robert.
11	Welcome. Is that it?
12	(No response.)
13	MS. GREEN: So far.
14	MS. YEVICH: Okay.
15	MS. GREEN: Good to have the ADRC's
16	representative.
17	MS. YEVICH: There we go.
18	MR. GOODWIN: That's the most I've heard in any
19	of these meetings, where we've had, you know, them
20	represented. I think it's great.
21	MS. YEVICH: Yeah. It's wonderful.
22	MS. GREEN: Okay. Next item on the agenda is
23	the 5-Year Consolidated Plan Consultation Process, and
24	Jeremy Stremler from TDHCA will present, but I believe
25	Elizabeth is going to do a

MS. YEVICH: Right. This is Elizabeth again.

Another new employee in the Housing and Resource Center.

This is Jeremy Stremler who also just came on about six weeks ago as well. And HRC has had a lot of shifts in the past two months.

And we welcome Jeremy. And one of the things that is coming up in the next year is called the 5-Year Consolidated Plan. And that is a HUD-required plan, and it's for what is known as the CPD programs, the Community Planning and Development programs.

Now, HUD has other programs that are not under that, like Section 811. That's actually not under a CPD program, but in the consolidated plan, we have now five programs under that, and what HUD asked everyone to do at this point is to do these consultations.

So Jeremy is going to give a brief background on that. And what we've decided is, after he sort of tells you what this is, then at the next meeting in July, if you would like to come back with some recommendations to put forward for the consolidated plan, we would take those at that time.

So with that, I'm going to introduce Jeremy to give you a little bit more background on the consolidated plan.

MR. STREMLER: Hello. As Elizabeth mentioned,

TDHCA coordinates the preparation of the 2020-2024 Consolidated Plan. This is one of HUD's major planning requirements of all subrecipients, including TDHCA and the other State agencies that administer funding through HUD's Community Planning and Development Division.

So every five years, a new consolidated plan is required to be produced. We will use today's meeting — the input that is provided here to not only inform program activities and policy training efforts that we have spoken about in this meeting, but also information discussed will be used to consider as consultation as it relates to the 2020-2024 Consolidated Plan.

The General Land Office, Department of State
Health Services, Texas Department of Agriculture, and the
Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs are the
State recipients who disburse federal funds for the
Community Development Block Grant Program, CDBG Disaster
Recovery, Housing Opportunities for Persons with HIV/AIDS,
also known as HOPWHA, HOME, National Housing Trust Fund,
and Emergency Solutions grants programs.

So those are the kind of array of programs of the Five -- the consolidated plan will cover. As Elizabeth mentioned, we over -- TDHCA receives HOME, National Housing Trust Fund, and Emergency Solutions grants programs, and those programs -- you know, HOME

deals with single-family and multifamily construction, somewhat related to 811.

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It ties into that in different ways through housing tax credits and HOME multifamily financing, things of that nature. And the other programs that are governed by the consolidated plan are covered under the Texas Department of Agriculture, which Suzanne Barnard and her team manage from their end.

So anything that you do bring with your comments or consultation, if they are related to CDBG, that is okay as well, because it will all end up in the same plan. So -- yeah.

MS. YEVICH: And in the next couple of months, we'll send out some more information on this. So then this would be another agenda item at the late July meeting, that if anybody has any thoughts going forward, as we move into the consolidated plan, which -- what's our due date?

MR. STREMLER: July 15, 2020. We have a lot of time to prepare it, and there will be other opportunities for consultation as well, just to be on the lookout on it, as things go out on the listserv, TDHCA and other meetings as well.

MS. YEVICH: That was our last item.

MS. GREEN: Opportunity for public comment.

1 Anyone who would like to make a comment? 2 (No response.) 3 MS. BOSTON: Not a comment. I just have an 4 announcement for a second. 5 MS. GREEN: Okay. To Brooke for an 6 announcement. 7 MS. BOSTON: So there were two things I wanted 8 to mention. Next week, we have a Disability Advisory Work 9 Group meeting. One of the things we'll be discussing on 10 there is the 811 Program, which Spencer had updated you 11 on. But we also have had a request to discuss the 12 13 integrated housing rule. The integrated housing rule, as 14 you know, provides that there's a limit for any property that we have in our portfolio, that no more than a certain 15 16 proportion of the units can be restricted for people with 17 disabilities. 18 It doesn't mean you can't house more people than that with disabilities if that's who comes to your 19 20 door and asks for a unit, but we don't want land use 21 restrictions on the property that would make the property 22 disproportionately disabled-only. 23 So -- and we've had that rule for many years. 24 It recently went out for comment, and had been changed,

and one of the changes is that we took out the exception

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for supportive housing. That was at the request of the disability community, particularly because, in and of itself, supportive housing doesn't have to be solely for people with disabilities.

So that -- the Disability Advisory Work Group felt like, if in fact an exception were going to be granted, it should be granted and requested by the Board, not given as a blanket in the rule. So that went out for comment.

It was adopted that way. The -- several of the tax credits developers who do supportive housing had not noticed that, and are now not happy about it. So they have requested -- I recently got another really minor correction to that rule.

When it -- and it's purely administrative -when it was out, they asked, oh, well, can you go ahead
and put our exception back in? And I said, no, I can't,
because all of the folks who really had wanted that
exception, intentionally in there or removed, excuse me -would have wanted to comment on that.

And so what I did commit was that at our next Disability Advisory Work Group, we would talk about it.

So I anticipate that at that disability meeting, they will -- there will be both, of course, the typical members who come, who had asked to have the exception removed, and

then there are going to be at least one or more tax credit developers who are interested in trying to get it put back in.

So I wanted you guys to know about it, of course, because there's a big intersection with this group, as well. I think one of the potential solutions, and this is having heard their specific comment -- a few of the groups do serve chronically homeless, and the definition of chronically homeless includes that the individual has a disability.

So I think it might make sense that the exception in the rule is for properties that serve chronically homeless in percentages greater than whatever our percentage cap would be, but not all supportive housing properties are in and of themselves only for chronically homeless, and so I think that is expanding that exception to more than what is really needed, and I think if there are unique cases where it's supportive housing.

It's not chronically homeless, those other categories. I'm not even sure what they would be, but whatever those are, should come and just explain it to our Board and then get an exception granted. That's just an initial thought of what we'll talk about, but I wanted to give you guys a heads-up for that, as an issue.

1 After that meeting, if there's some consensus 2 of what the group wants to do, then the rule would go out 3 for another change, out for comment, and then be adopted. 4 So there would be time to still give input. I wanted you guys to know about that. 5 6 MS. GREEN: I'm not sure I'm clear. So --7 MS. BOSTON: Okay. MS. GREEN: -- the -- if the exception language 8 9 is removed, there's still an opportunity to request an 10 individual exception? 11 MS. BOSTON: Right. The way it's written right 12 now and adopted in law is that there is no exception as a 13 blanket, but if someone wants one, they can come and ask 14 over here. 15 MS. GREEN: Oh, okay. 16 MS. BOSTON: Yeah. 17 MS. GREEN: Okay. 18 MS. BOSTON: And I think those developers will --19 20 MS. GREEN: Okay. MS. BOSTON: -- which I think the Board will be 21 22 probably pretty open-minded and flexible about it, but I 23 think they just don't like that, as a blanket, they feel 24 like their developments are going to have to always go

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after that.

1 MS. GREEN: Uh-huh. 2 Yeah. Okay. And then the one MS. BOSTON: 3 other thing I wanted to mention -- the Department -- and I 4 think this was brought up with you guys a few meetings 5 ago. We are currently doing an analysis of impediments to 6 fair housing choice, the AI. 7 That document is currently out for public It was approved by our Board in March. 8 It -- we 9 will still be taking comment on it through May 6, so just 10 a few more days, but I did want to make sure everyone 11 remembered that, and if you have any comments you want to 12 make, we are happy to get them. 13 MS. GREEN: Okay. Any other comments or announcements? I would like to share the meeting dates 14 15 for the rest of the calendar year. The next meeting is 16 scheduled for Wednesday, July 31, and then the last 17 meeting of the calendar year is scheduled for Wednesday, October 16. 18 And so until Elizabeth is able to fill the 19 20 coordinator position --MS. YEVICH: Yeah. 21 22 MS. GREEN: -- I guess you will --23 MS. YEVICH: You can still hear --24 MS. GREEN: -- texting me --

MS. YEVICH: -- from me --

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1	MS. GREEN: with suggestions for agenda
2	items.
3	MS. YEVICH: Right.
4	MS. GREEN: Okay. Any other business?
5	(No response.)
6	MS. GREEN: Seeing none, do we have a motion to
7	adjourn?
8	MR. GOODWIN: You said Wednesday the 16th.
9	That could be because I don't know. The 17th I'm
10	sorry. I'm sorry. July 31st, you said, didn't you.
11	MS. GREEN: Uh-huh.
12	MR. GOODWIN: I read the wrong date.
13	MS. GREEN: July 31 and October 16. Okay.
14	Motion to adjourn?
15	MR. GOODWIN: So moved.
16	MS. GREEN: Okay. Second?
17	MS. IRWIN: Second.
18	MS. GREEN: All right. Thank you.
19	MS. YEVICH: Thanks, Doni. Thanks everyone on
20	the phone.
21	(Whereupon, at 10:53 a.m, the meeting of the
22	Housing and Health Services Coordination Council was
23	adjourned.)

MEETING OF: Texas Interagency Council for the Homeless

LOCATION: Austin, Texas

DATE: May 1, 2019

I do hereby certify that the foregoing pages, numbers 1 through 45, inclusive, are the true, accurate, and complete transcript prepared from the verbal recording made by electronic recording by Nancy H. King before the Texas Interagency Council for the Homeless.

DATE: May 6, 2019

(Transcriber)

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